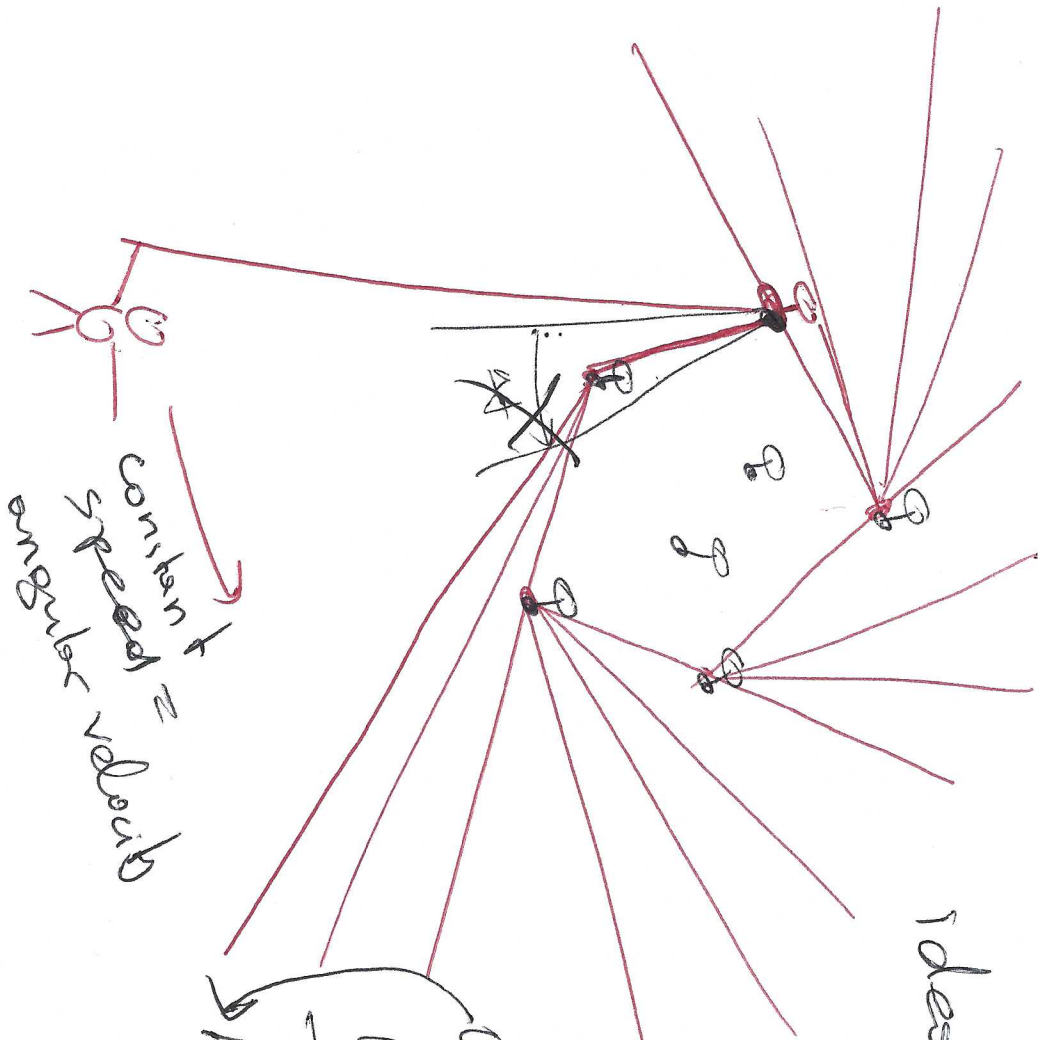


idea: continuous walk —

"discretize"?

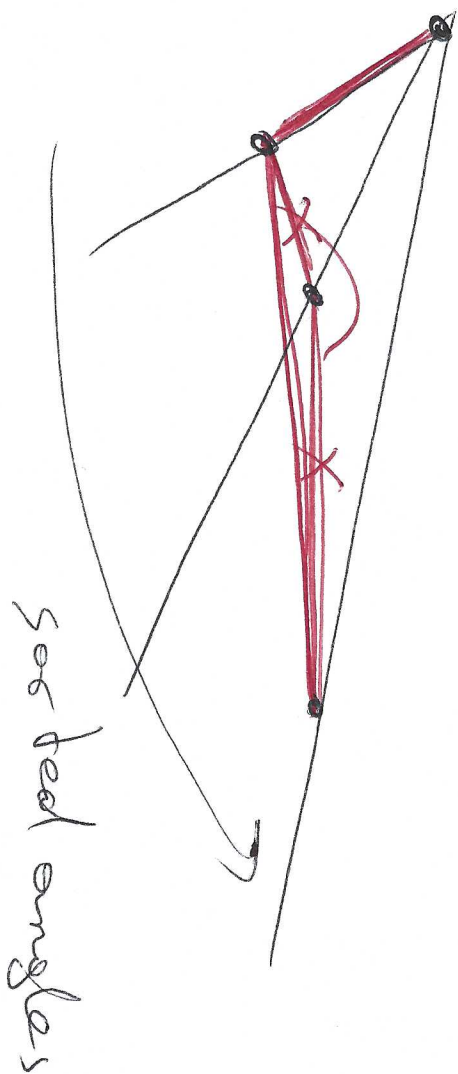
α



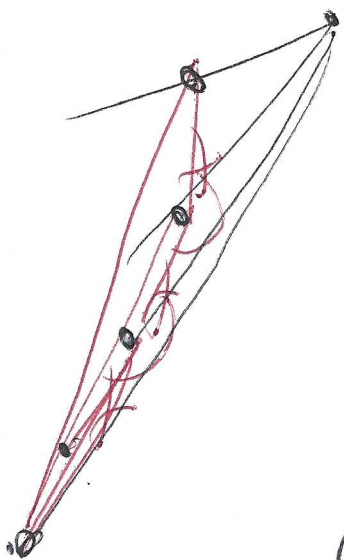
Q1) events \leftarrow
 Q2) queue ordered by time
 A1) "catching" nails α
 Δ sample time \rightarrow queue



Q3) Processing.



Processing: 1) add edge
 2) remove prev. edge,
 add spanning edge



~~sort angles~~ ~~add~~ to (sorted) // ~~is~~ insertion sort - ~~present?~~ $n \log n$

add angles to queue while (not empty) $n-1$

$a = \text{pop}$; $\text{check internal} < 180^\circ$

if not ~~so~~ back and span

$n-3$ to hold across all iter.

$$\underbrace{O(n \log n)}_{\text{init}} + \underbrace{n-1}_{\text{iter}} + \underbrace{n-3}_{\text{back}} \} = O(n \log n)$$

$\{ (n-1) \times (n-3) \neq$

create binary heap (n) — 4 —

while not empty

$a = \text{pop}$

check and

span

($n-1$)

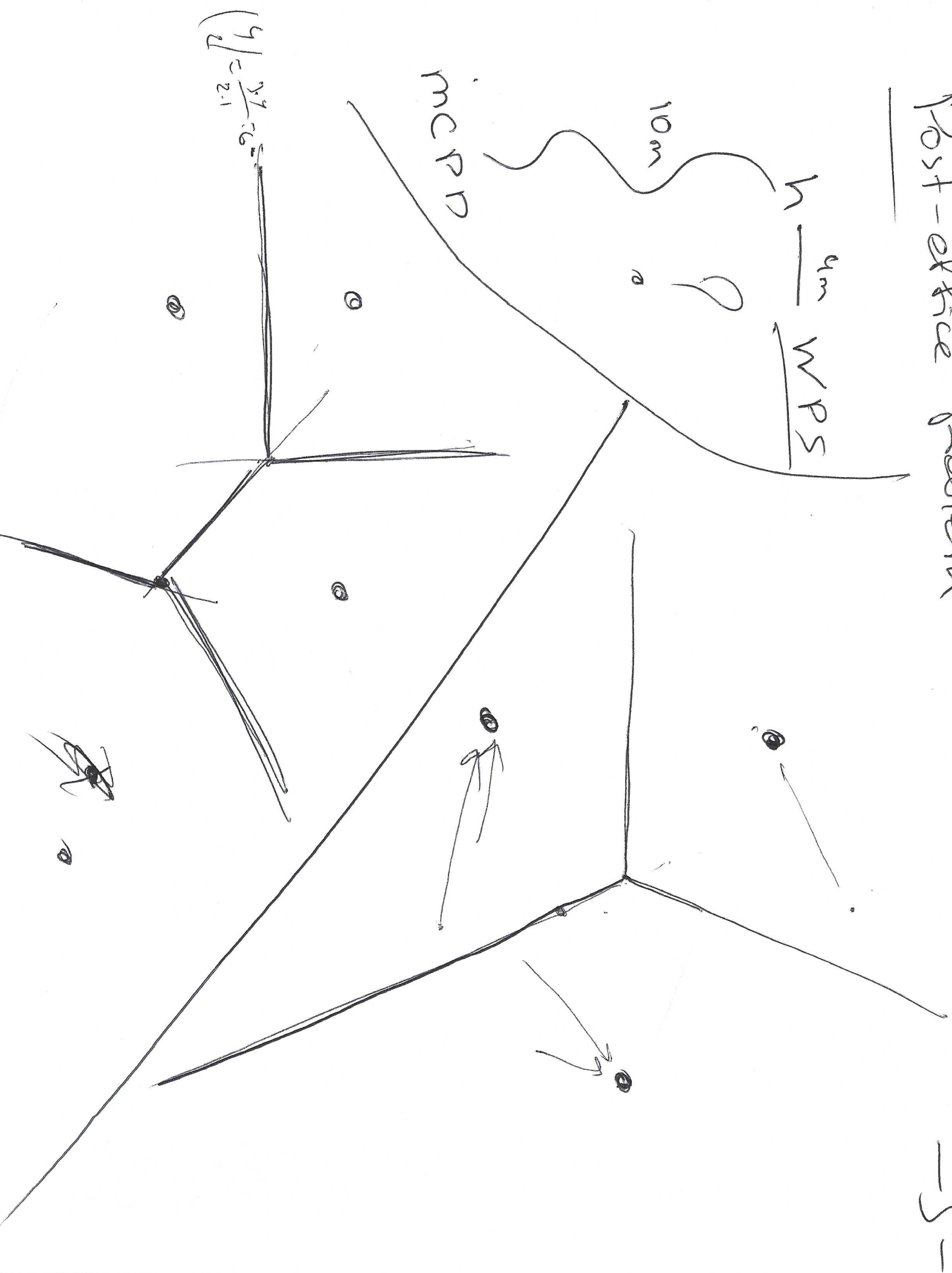
\log

$n-3$

$O(n \log n)$

}

Post-office problem

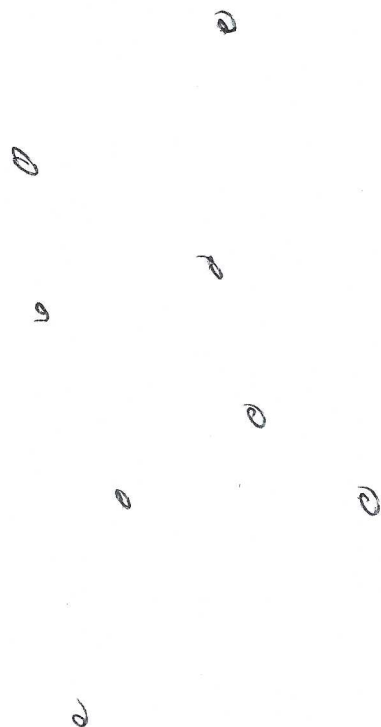


n pos

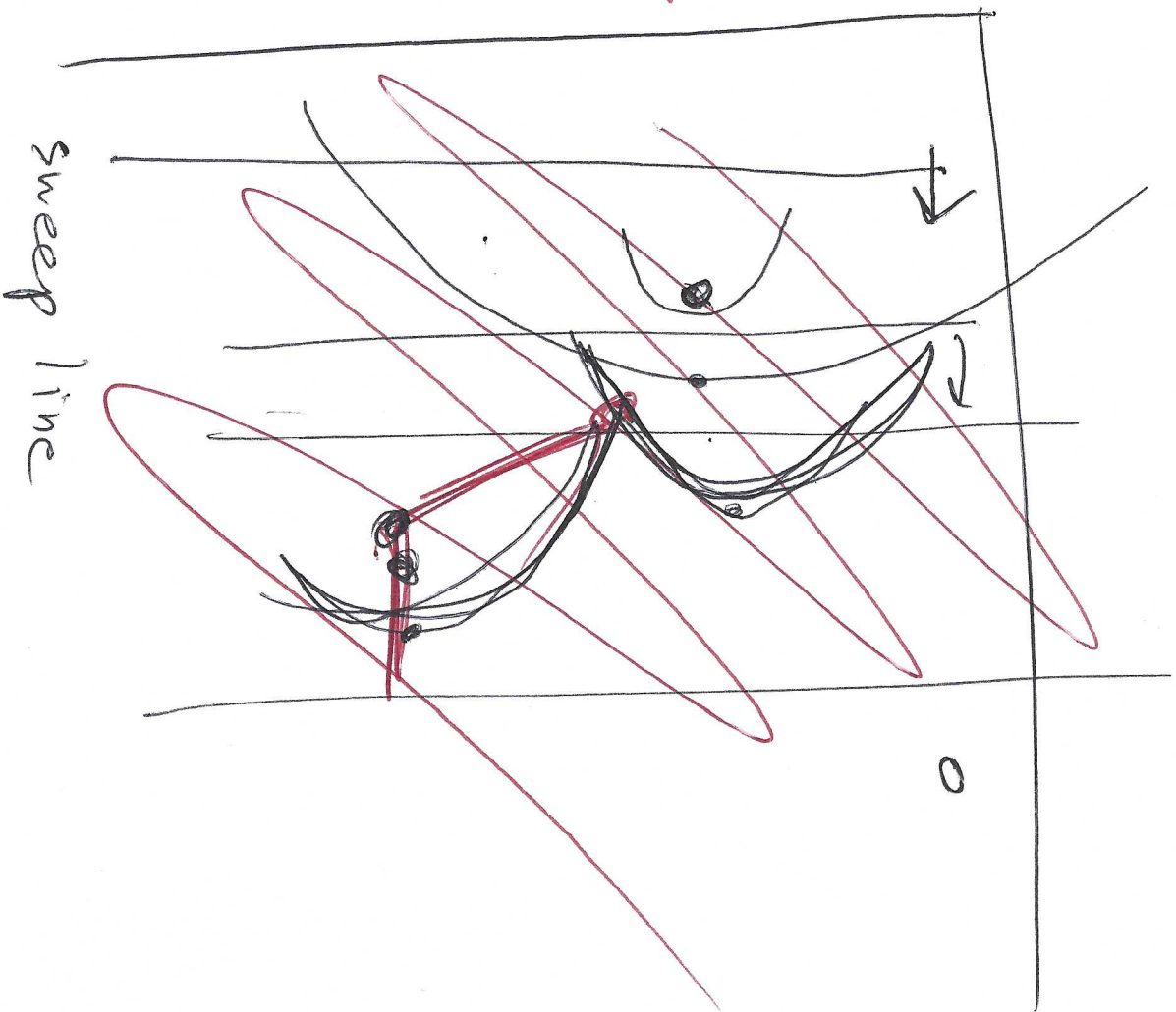
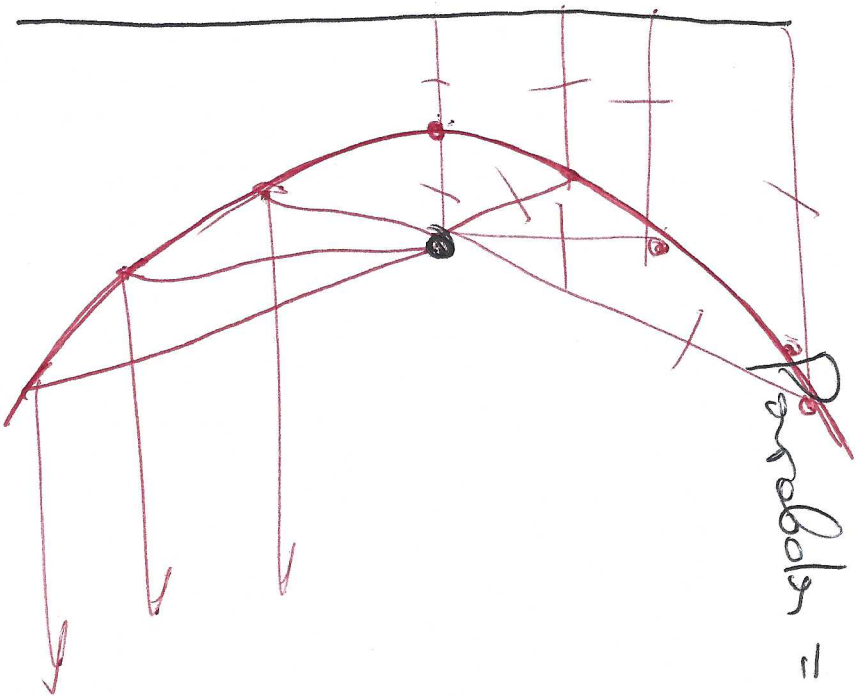
$$\frac{n(n-1)}{2} \text{ mid. perf.}$$

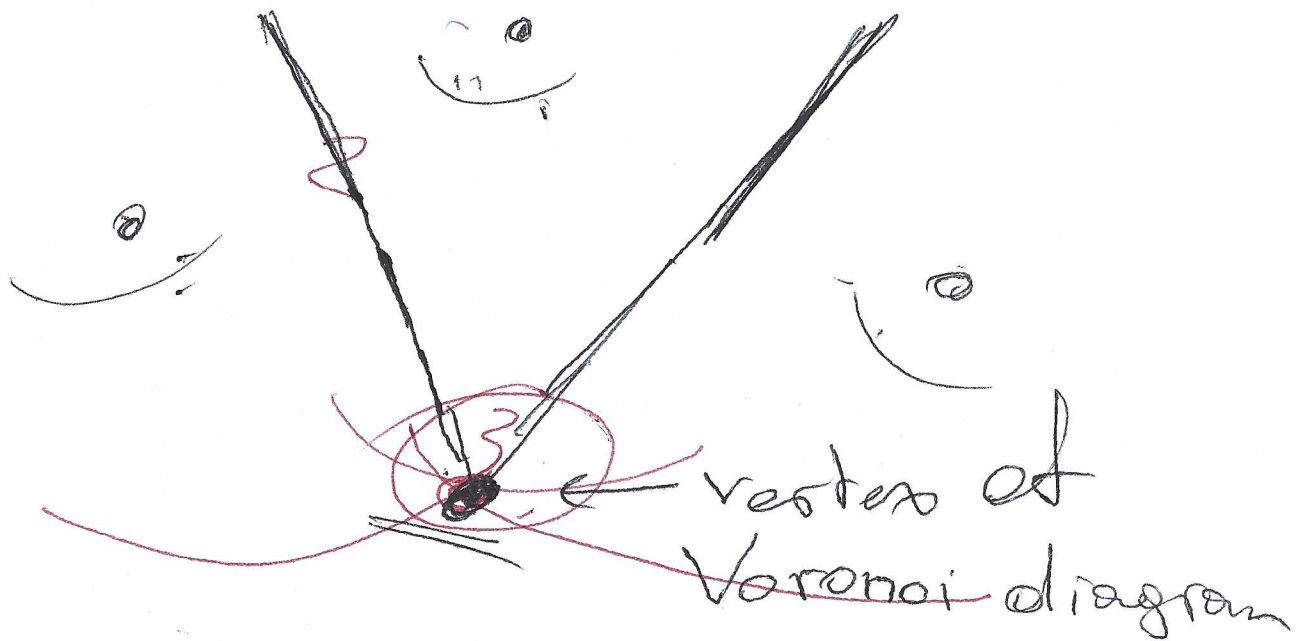
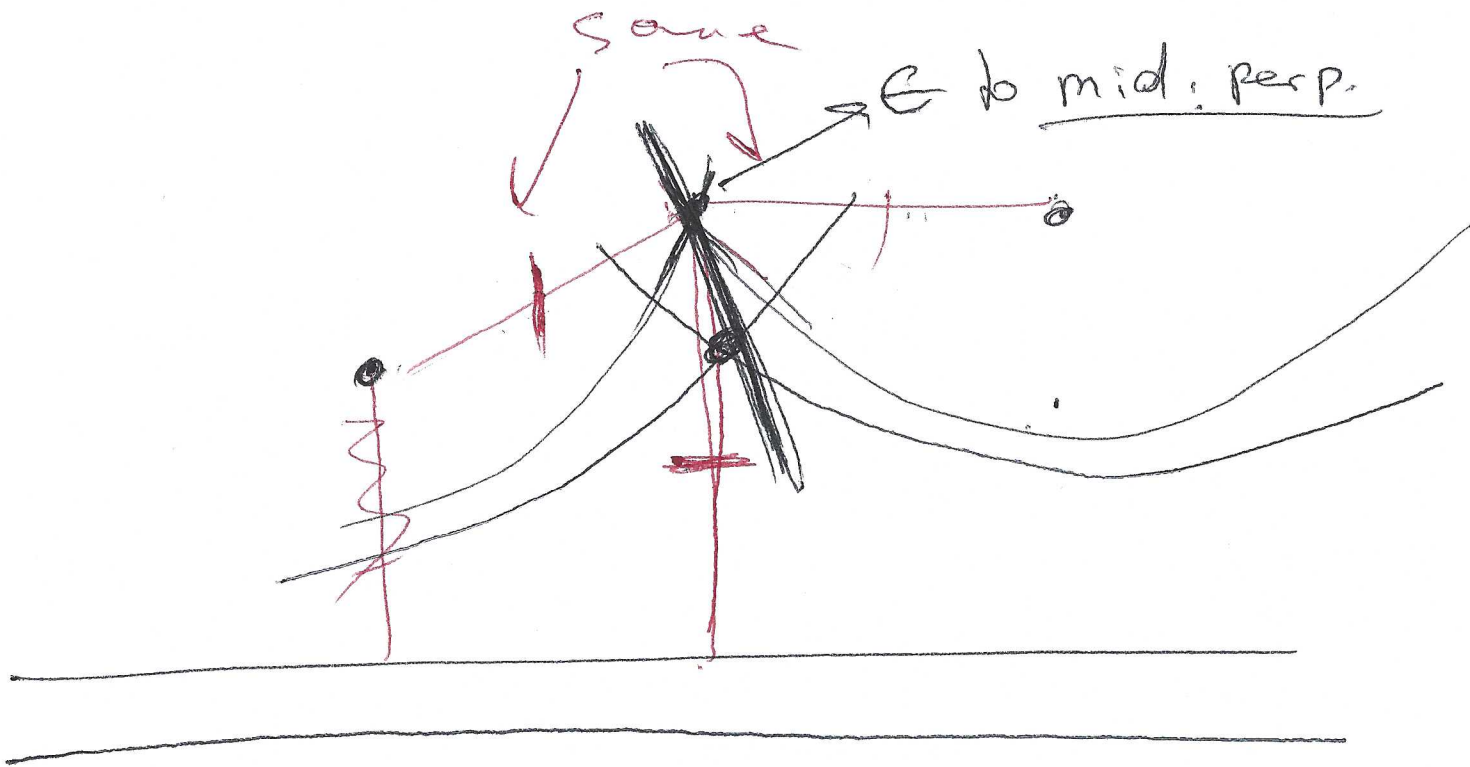
point = inters. of 2
m. p.

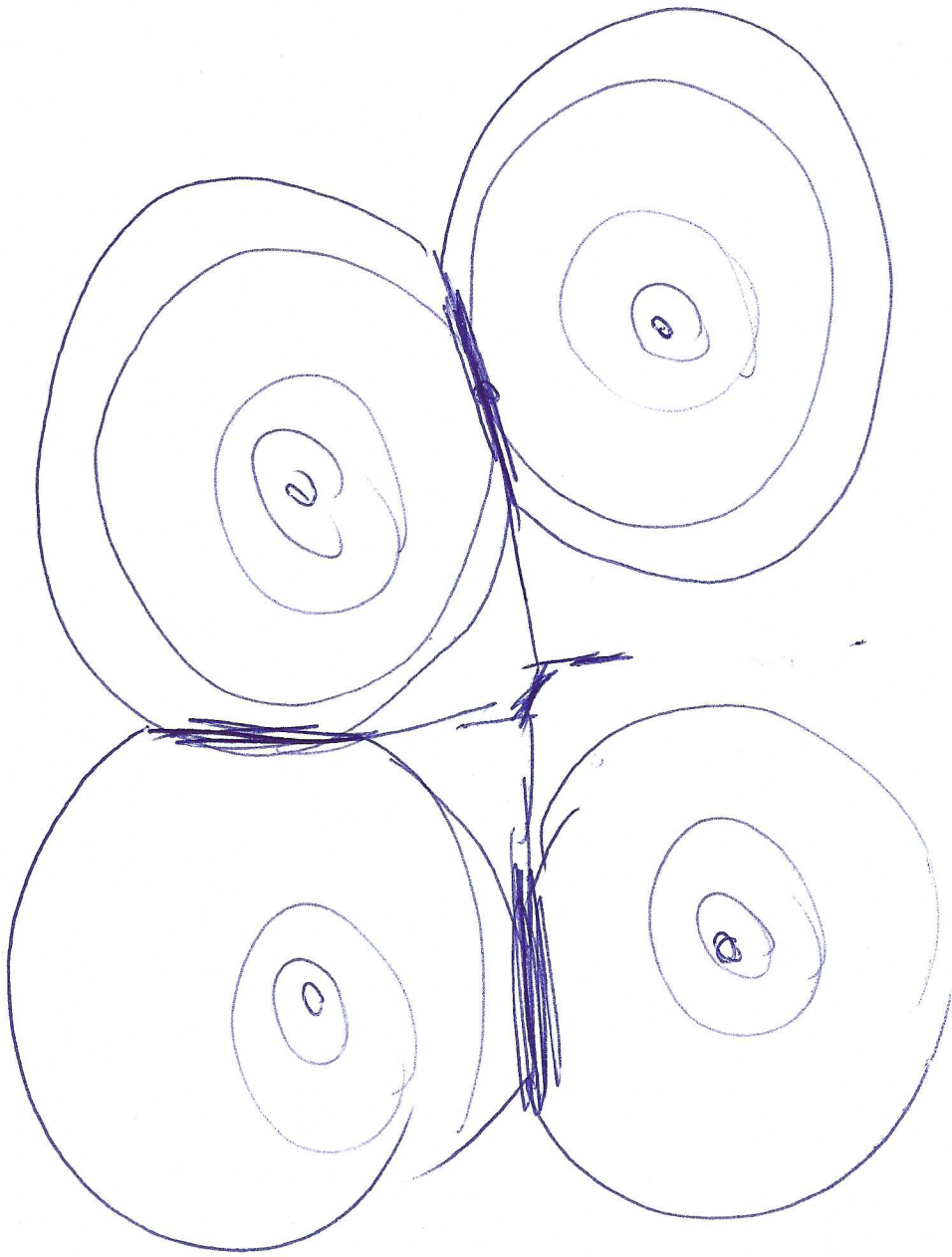
$$\underline{\underline{O(n^2) \text{ point.}}}$$



~~Parabola~~ = set of points equidistant from directrix and focus — 7







growing
circles!

continuous
solution

event-driven

→ discretization

even. dr. des course discr.

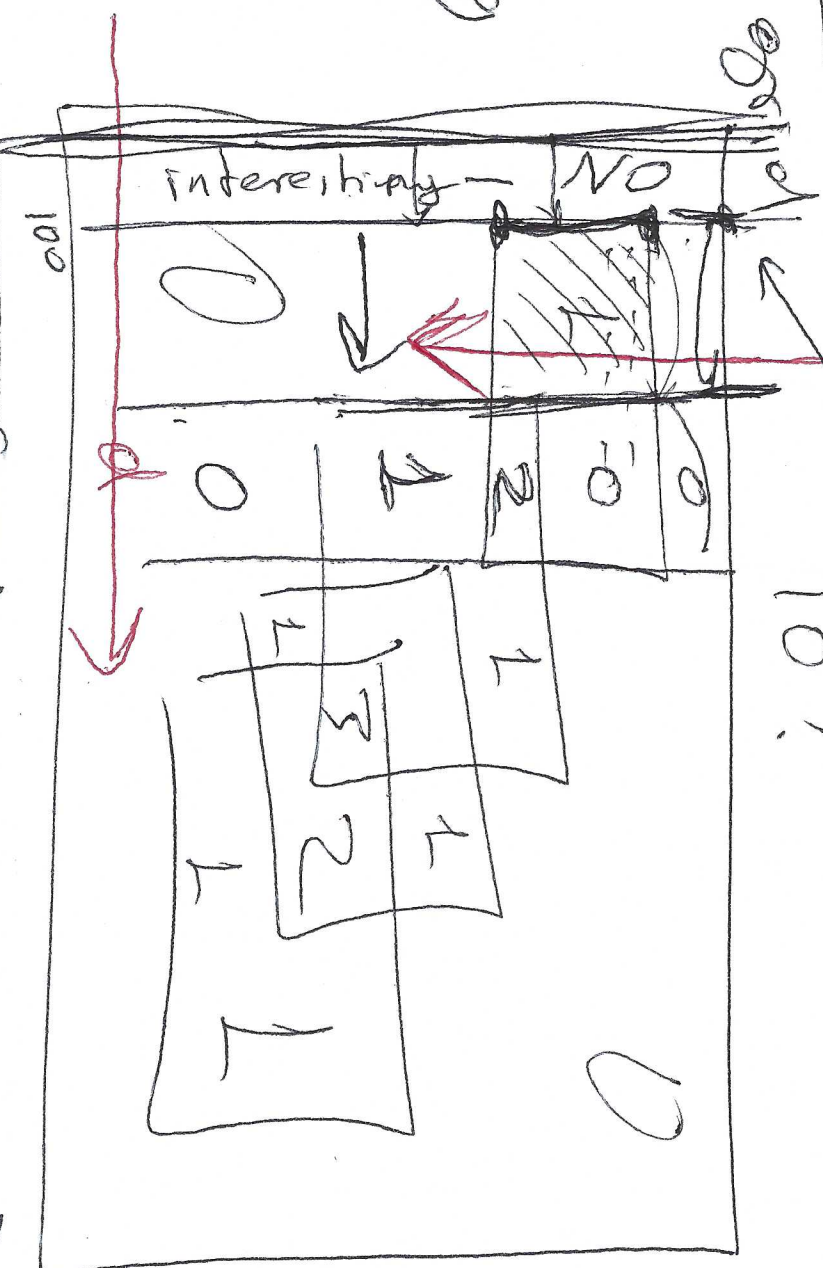
discrete
solutions
on 10^9 points

→ $10^9 \times 100$ of 0 pixels.

10^9

hist. # rect.

10^9



0 1 2 3

for 1 $\rightarrow 10^9$, for 2 $\rightarrow 10^9$

M

~~W~~
ToC
T/M

a 2
enact.

Sum
1pm

M
Exam

F

Overl.
T/M

extra
4%

3-4 hard ones
to get to 100%

2-2 extra
credit

	Costs	Mixed
D&C	1	2
D&C.	1	1
Greedy		1
DP.		1
I+I.		1
Sw-Line		1

in 60%
Surprise problems