

**Final Exam**  
(Math 200, Fall 06)

Solve the following problems. Show all your work in the space under each problem.

1. Use partial fractions to find the sum of the series  $\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2 - k}$ . (10 pts)

2. True or False: If  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k$  converges, then  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} a_k = 0$ . Is the converse true? If your answer is “No” provide a counterexample. (10 pts)

3. True or False: If  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} |a_k|$  converges, then  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k$  converges. Is the converse true? If your answer is “No” provide a counterexample. (10 pts)

4. Show that the power series  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} x^k$  has interval of convergence  $[-1,1]$ . (10 pts)

5. Find the Taylor series of  $f(x) = e^{2x}$  at  $x_0 = 1$ . Make sure you include the  $n^{\text{th}}$ - term of the series. (10 pts)

6. Find the limits: (a)  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{2}, 0)} \frac{\cos y - 2}{y - \sin x}$  (b)  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,1)} \frac{xy - 3y - 2x + 1}{x - 1}$  (20 pts)

7. By considering different paths of approach, show that the function  $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y}{y}$  has no limit as  $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$ . (10 pts)

8. Check whether the function  $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{x^2 - y}$  is continuous at  $(1, -1)$ . Can you describe all points of discontinuity of  $f$ ? (10 pts)

9. Find the partial derivatives  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$  of the function  $f(x, y) = e^{-x} \sin(x + y)$ . (10 pts)